117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S.

S.		

To eliminate discrimination and promote women's health and economic security by ensuring reasonable workplace accommodations for workers whose ability to perform the functions of a job are limited by pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical condition.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. CASEY (for himself, Mr. CASSIDY, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mrs. CAPITO, Ms. SMITH, and Ms. MURKOWSKI) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To eliminate discrimination and promote women's health and economic security by ensuring reasonable workplace accommodations for workers whose ability to perform the functions of a job are limited by pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical condition.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Pregnant Workers5 Fairness Act".

SEC. 2. NONDISCRIMINATION WITH REGARD TO REASON ABLE ACCOMMODATIONS RELATED TO PREG NANCY.

4 It shall be an unlawful employment practice for a cov-5 ered entity to—

6 (1) not make reasonable accommodations to the 7 known limitations related to the pregnancy, child-8 birth, or related medical conditions of a qualified 9 employee, unless such covered entity can dem-10 onstrate that the accommodation would impose an 11 undue hardship on the operation of the business of 12 such covered entity;

(2) require a qualified employee affected by
pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions
to accept an accommodation other than any reasonable accommodation arrived at through the interactive process referred to in section 5(7);

(3) deny employment opportunities to a qualified employee if such denial is based on the need of
the covered entity to make reasonable accommodations to the known limitations related to the pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions of a
qualified employee;

(4) require a qualified employee to take leave,
whether paid or unpaid, if another reasonable accommodation can be provided to the known limita-

tions related to the pregnancy, childbirth, or related
 medical conditions of a qualified employee; or

3 (5) take adverse action in terms, conditions, or
4 privileges of employment against a qualified em5 ployee on account of the employee requesting or
6 using a reasonable accommodation to the known lim7 itations related to the pregnancy, childbirth, or re8 lated medical conditions of the employee.

9 SEC. 3. REMEDIES AND ENFORCEMENT.

10 (a) EMPLOYEES COVERED BY TITLE VII OF THE
11 CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The powers, remedies, and 12 13 procedures provided in sections 705, 706, 707, 709, 14 710, and 711 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42) 15 U.S.C. 2000e–4 et seq.) to the Commission, the At-16 torney General, or any person alleging a violation of 17 title VII of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.) shall 18 be the powers, remedies, and procedures this Act 19 provides to the Commission, the Attorney General, 20 or any person, respectively, alleging an unlawful em-21 ployment practice in violation of this Act against an 22 employee described in section 5(3)(A) except as pro-23 vided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection. 24

24 (2) COSTS AND FEES.—The powers, remedies,
25 and procedures provided in subsections (b) and (c)

of section 722 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C.
 1988) shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures
 this Act provides to the Commission, the Attorney
 General, or any person alleging such practice.

5 (3) DAMAGES.—The powers, remedies, and pro-6 cedures provided in section 1977A of the Revised 7 Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a), including the limita-8 tions contained in subsection (b)(3) of such section 9 1977A, shall be the powers, remedies, and proce-10 dures this Act provides to the Commission, the At-11 torney General, or any person alleging such practice 12 (not an employment practice specifically excluded 13 from coverage under section 1977A(a)(1) of the Re-14 vised Statutes).

(b) EMPLOYEES COVERED BY CONGRESSIONAL AC16 COUNTABILITY ACT OF 1995.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—The powers, remedies, and 18 procedures provided in the Congressional Account-19 ability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) to the 20 Board (as defined in section 101 of such Act (2) 21 U.S.C. 1301)) or any person alleging a violation of 22 section 201(a)(1) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 1311(a)(1)) 23 shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures this 24 Act provides to the Board or any person, respec-25 tively, alleging an unlawful employment practice in $\mathbf{5}$

violation of this Act against an employee described
 in section 5(3)(B), except as provided in paragraphs
 (2) and (3) of this subsection.

4 (2) COSTS AND FEES.—The powers, remedies,
5 and procedures provided in subsections (b) and (c)
6 of section 722 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C.
7 1988) shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures
8 this Act provides to the Board or any person alleg9 ing such practice.

10 (3) DAMAGES.—The powers, remedies, and pro-11 cedures provided in section 1977A of the Revised 12 Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a), including the limita-13 tions contained in subsection (b)(3) of such section 14 1977A, shall be the powers, remedies, and proce-15 dures this Act provides to the Board or any person 16 alleging such practice (not an employment practice 17 specifically excluded from coverage under section 18 1977A(a)(1) of the Revised Statutes).

(4) OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS.—With respect to a claim alleging a practice described in
paragraph (1), title III of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1381 et seq.)
shall apply in the same manner as such title applies
with respect to a claim alleging a violation of section
201(a)(1) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 1311(a)(1)).

(c) Employees Covered by Chapter 5 of Title
 3, United States Code.—

3 (1) IN GENERAL.—The powers, remedies, and 4 procedures provided in chapter 5 of title 3, United 5 States Code, to the President, the Commission, the 6 Merit Systems Protection Board, or any person al-7 leging a violation of section 411(a)(1) of such title 8 shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures this 9 Act provides to the President, the Commission, the 10 Board, or any person, respectively, alleging an un-11 lawful employment practice in violation of this Act 12 against an employee described in section 5(3)(C), ex-13 cept as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this 14 subsection.

(2) COSTS AND FEES.—The powers, remedies,
and procedures provided in subsections (b) and (c)
of section 722 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C.
18 1988) shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures
this Act provides to the President, the Commission,
the Board, or any person alleging such practice.

(3) DAMAGES.—The powers, remedies, and procedures provided in section 1977A of the Revised
Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a), including the limitations contained in subsection (b)(3) of such section
1977A, shall be the powers, remedies, and proce-

dures this Act provides to the President, the Com mission, the Board, or any person alleging such
 practice (not an employment practice specifically ex cluded from coverage under section 1977A(a)(1) of
 the Revised Statutes).

6 (d) EMPLOYEES COVERED BY GOVERNMENT EM7 PLOYEE RIGHTS ACT OF 1991.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—The powers, remedies, and 9 procedures provided in sections 302 and 304 of the 10 Government Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42) 11 U.S.C. 2000e–16b; 2000e–16c) to the Commission 12 or any person alleging a violation of section 13 302(a)(1) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16b(a)(1)) 14 shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures this 15 Act provides to the Commission or any person, re-16 spectively, alleging an unlawful employment practice 17 in violation of this Act against an employee de-18 scribed in section 5(3)(D), except as provided in 19 paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection.

20 (2) COSTS AND FEES.—The powers, remedies,
21 and procedures provided in subsections (b) and (c)
22 of section 722 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C.
23 1988) shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures
24 this Act provides to the Commission or any person
25 alleging such practice.

1 (3) DAMAGES.—The powers, remedies, and pro-2 cedures provided in section 1977A of the Revised 3 Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a), including the limita-4 tions contained in subsection (b)(3) of such section 5 1977A, shall be the powers, remedies, and proce-6 dures this Act provides to the Commission or any 7 person alleging such practice (not an employment 8 practice specifically excluded from coverage under 9 section 1977A(a)(1) of the Revised Statutes).

10 (e) Employees Covered by Section 717 of the
11 Civil Rights Act of 1964.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—The powers, remedies, and 13 procedures provided in section 717 of the Civil 14 Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16) to the 15 Commission, the Attorney General, the Librarian of 16 Congress, or any person alleging a violation of that 17 section shall be the powers, remedies, and proce-18 dures this Act provides to the Commission, the At-19 torney General, the Librarian of Congress, or any 20 person, respectively, alleging an unlawful employ-21 ment practice in violation of this Act against an em-22 ployee described in section 5(3)(E), except as pro-23 vided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection. 24 (2) COSTS AND FEES.—The powers, remedies,

and procedures provided in subsections (b) and (c)

of section 722 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C.
 1988) shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures
 this Act provides to the Commission, the Attorney
 General, the Librarian of Congress, or any person
 alleging such practice.

6 (3) DAMAGES.—The powers, remedies, and pro-7 cedures provided in section 1977A of the Revised 8 Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a), including the limita-9 tions contained in subsection (b)(3) of such section 10 1977A, shall be the powers, remedies, and proce-11 dures this Act provides to the Commission, the At-12 torney General, the Librarian of Congress, or any 13 person alleging such practice (not an employment 14 practice specifically excluded from coverage under section 1977A(a)(1) of the Revised Statutes). 15

16 (f) PROHIBITION AGAINST RETALIATION.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—No person shall discriminate
18 against any employee because such employee has op19 posed any act or practice made unlawful by this Act
20 or because such employee made a charge, testified,
21 assisted, or participated in any manner in an inves22 tigation, proceeding, or hearing under this Act.

(2) PROHIBITION AGAINST COERCION.—It shall
be unlawful to coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with any individual in the exercise or enjoyment

of, or on account of such individual having exercised
 or enjoyed, or on account of such individual having
 aided or encouraged any other individual in the exer cise or enjoyment of, any right granted or protected
 by this Act.

6 (3) REMEDY.—The remedies and procedures
7 otherwise provided for under this section shall be
8 available to aggrieved individuals with respect to vio9 lations of this subsection.

10 (\mathbf{g}) LIMITATION.—Notwithstanding subsections (a)(3), (b)(3), (c)(3), (d)(3), and (e)(3), if an unlawful em-11 12 ployment practice involves the provision of a reasonable 13 accommodation pursuant to this Act or regulations imple-14 menting this Act, damages may not be awarded under section 1977A of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a) if 15 the covered entity demonstrates good faith efforts, in con-16 17 sultation with the employee with known limitations related to pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions who 18 19 has informed the covered entity that accommodation is 20 needed, to identify and make a reasonable accommodation 21 that would provide such employee with an equally effective 22 opportunity and would not cause an undue hardship on 23 the operation of the covered entity.

1 SEC. 4. RULEMAKING.

Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall issue regulations in an accessible format in accordance with subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code, to carry out this Act. Such regulations shall provide examples of reasonable accommodations addressing known limitations related to pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions.

9 SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.

10 As used in this Act— 11 (1) the term "Commission" means the Equal 12 Employment Opportunity Commission; 13 (2) the term "covered entity"— (A) has the meaning given the term "re-14 15 spondent" in section 701(n) of the Civil Rights 16 Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e(n)); and 17 (B) includes— 18 (i) an employer, which means a per-19 son engaged in industry affecting com-20 merce who has 15 or more employees as 21 defined in section 701(b) of title VII of the 22 Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 23 2000e(b)); 24 (ii) an employing office, as defined in 25 section 101 of the Congressional Account-26 ability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301) and

1	section 411(c) of title 3, United States
2	Code;
3	(iii) an entity employing a State em-
4	ployee described in section 304(a) of the
5	Government Employee Rights Act of 1991
6	(42 U.S.C. 2000e–16c(a)); and
7	(iv) an entity to which section 717(a)
8	of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
9	2000e–16(a)) applies;
10	(3) the term "employee" means—
11	(A) an employee (including an applicant),
12	as defined in section 701(f) of the Civil Rights
13	Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e(f));
14	(B) a covered employee (including an ap-
15	plicant), as defined in section 101 of the Con-
16	gressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C.
17	1301);
18	(C) a covered employee (including an appli-
19	cant), as defined in section 411(c) of title 3,
20	United States Code;
21	(D) a State employee (including an appli-
22	cant) described in section 304(a) of the Govern-
23	ment Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C.
24	2000e-16c(a)); or

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1	(E) an employee (including an applicant)
2	to which section 717(a) of the Civil Rights Act
3	of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16(a)) applies;
4	(4) the term "person" has the meaning given
5	such term in section 701(a) of the Civil Rights Act
6	of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e(a));
7	(5) the term "known limitation" means physical
8	or mental condition related to, affected by, or arising
9	out of pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical con-
10	ditions that the employee or employee's representa-
11	tive has communicated to the employer whether or
12	not such condition meets the definition of disability
13	specified in section 3 of the Americans with Disabil-
14	ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12102);
15	(6) the term "qualified employee" means an
16	employee or applicant who, with or without reason-
17	able accommodation, can perform the essential func-
18	tions of the employment position, except that an em-
19	ployee or applicant shall be considered qualified if—
20	(A) any inability to perform an essential
21	function is for a temporary period;
22	(B) the essential function could be per-
23	formed in the near future; and
24	(C) the inability to perform the essential
25	function can be reasonably accommodated; and

1 (7) the terms "reasonable accommodation" and 2 "undue hardship" have the meanings given such 3 terms in section 101 of the Americans with Disabil-4 ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111) and shall be 5 construed as such terms are construed under such 6 Act and as set forth in the regulations required by 7 this Act, including with regard to the interactive 8 process that will typically be used to determine an 9 appropriate reasonable accommodation.

10 SEC. 6. WAIVER OF STATE IMMUNITY.

11 A State shall not be immune under the 11th Amend-12 ment to the Constitution from an action in a Federal or 13 State court of competent jurisdiction for a violation of this Act. In any action against a State for a violation of this 14 15 Act, remedies (including remedies both at law and in equity) are available for such a violation to the same extent 16 17 as such remedies are available for such a violation in an 18 action against any public or private entity other than a 19 State.

20 SEC. 7. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to invalidate
or limit the powers, remedies, and procedures under any
Federal law or law of any State or political subdivision
of any State or jurisdiction that provides greater or equal

protection for individuals affected by pregnancy, child birth, or related medical conditions.

3 SEC. 8. SEVERABILITY.

4 If any provision of this Act or the application of that 5 provision to particular persons or circumstances is held 6 invalid or found to be unconstitutional, the remainder of 7 this Act and the application of that provision to other per-8 sons or circumstances shall not be affected.