116th CONGRESS 1st Session



To prohibit the transfer or sale of certain consumer health information, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. CASSIDY (for himself and Ms. ROSEN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on ______

A BILL

To prohibit the transfer or sale of certain consumer health information, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Stop Marketing And5 Revealing The Wearables And Trackers Consumer Health

6 Data Act" or the "Smartwatch Data Act".

7 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

8 In this Act:

- 9 (1) AGGREGATED.—The term "aggregated",
- 10 with respect to consumer health information—

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1	(A) means the removal of individual con-
2	sumer identities, so that the information is not
3	linked or reasonably linkable to any consumer,
4	including a personal consumer device; and
5	(B) does not include 1 or more individual
6	consumer records that have not been
7	deidentified.
8	(2) BIOMETRIC INFORMATION.—The term "bio-
9	metric information"—
10	(A) means the physiological, biological, or
11	behavioral characteristics of an individual, and
12	the recorded, copied, captured, converted,
13	stored derivatives of any such characteristics,
14	that can be used, singly or in combination with
15	each other or with other identifying data, to es-
16	tablish the identity of an individual; and
17	(B) includes deoxyribonucleic acid, imagery
18	of the iris, retina, fingerprint, face, hand, palm,
19	vein patterns, and voice recordings, from which
20	an identifier template, such as a faceprint, a
21	minutiae template, or a voiceprint, can be ex-
22	tracted.
23	(3) BUSINESS ASSOCIATE; COVERED ENTITY;
24	PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION.—The terms
25	"business associate", "covered entity", and "pro-

1	tected health information" have the meanings given
2	such terms in section 160.103 of title 45, Code of
3	Federal Regulations (or any successor regulations).
4	(4) Commercial purposes.—The term "com-
5	mercial purposes"—
6	(A) means an action intended—
7	(i) to advance the commercial or eco-
8	nomic interests of a person, such as by in-
9	ducing another person to buy, rent, lease,
10	join, subscribe to, provide, or exchange
11	products, goods, property, information, or
12	services; or
13	(ii) to enable or affect, directly or in-
14	directly, a commercial transaction; and
15	(B) does not include engaging in speech
16	that State or Federal courts have recognized as
17	noncommercial speech, including political
18	speech and journalism.
19	(5) CONSUMER DEVICE.—The term "consumer
20	device"—
21	(A) means a commercially produced piece
22	of equipment, application software, or mecha-
23	nism that has the primary function or capa-
24	bility to collect, store, or transmit consumer
25	health information; and

(B) may include a device, as defined in
 section 201(h) of the Federal Food, Drug, and
 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321(h)).

4 (6) CONSUMER HEALTH INFORMATION.—The 5 term "consumer health information" means any in-6 formation about the health status, personal biomet-7 ric information, or personal kinesthetic information 8 about a specific individual that is created or col-9 lected by a personal consumer device, whether de-10 tected from sensors or input manually.

(7) DEIDENTIFIED.—The term "deidentified"
means information that cannot reasonably identify,
relate to, describe, be capable of being associated
with, or be linked, directly or indirectly, to a particular consumer, computer, or other device.

16 (8) INFORMATION BROKER.—The term "infor17 mation broker" means any entity that collects con18 sumers' personal information and resells or shares
19 that information with another person.

(9) KINESTHETIC INFORMATION.—The term
"kinesthetic information" means keystroke patterns
or rhythms, gait patterns or rhythms, sleep information, and other data that relates to the personal
health of an individual.

1 SEC. 3. PROHIBITIONS.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), no enti3 ty that collects consumer health information may—

4 (1) transfer, sell, share, or allow access to any 5 consumer health information (unless aggregated or 6 anonymized) or any other individually identifiable 7 consumer health information collected, recorded, or 8 derived from personal consumer devices to any do-9 mestic information broker or other domestic entity 10 if—

(A) the primary business function of such
domestic information broker or other domestic
entity is collecting or analyzing consumer information for profit; or

(B) the purpose for transferring, selling,
sharing, or allowing access to such information
is to otherwise add value to the entity that collects consumer health information, for commercial purposes; or

(2) transfer, sell, or allow access to any consumer health information collected, stored, recorded,
or derived from personal consumer devices to any information broker or any entity outside of the jurisdiction of the United States.

25 (b) EXCEPTIONS.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (3),
2	the prohibition under subsection $(a)(1)$ shall not
3	apply if—
4	(A) the entity obtains the informed consent
5	of the consumer;
6	(B) the information is provided to a cov-
7	ered entity, as defined in section 160.103 of
8	title 45, Code of Federal Regulations (or any
9	successor regulations);
10	(C) such information is provided to a gov-
11	ernment organization or agency, including law
12	enforcement or regulators, to comply with appli-
13	cable laws, regulations, or rules, or requests of
14	law enforcement, regulatory, or other govern-
15	mental agencies or in response to a legal proc-
16	ess in connection with a subpoena, warrant, dis-
17	covery order, or other request or order from a
18	law enforcement agency;
19	(D) such information is provided to the en-
20	tity's affiliates or other trusted businesses or
21	persons to process the information as part of
22	the entity's external processing procedures,
23	based on the entity's instructions and in compli-
24	ance with privacy protections and any other ap-
25	propriate confidentiality and security measures;

1	(E) such information is provided in con-
2	nection with a substantial corporate transaction
3	of the entity, such as the transfer of ownership,
4	a merger, consolidation, asset sale, or bank-
5	ruptcy or insolvency; or
6	(F) such information is provided to aca-
7	demic, medical, research institutions, or other
8	nonprofit organizations acting in the public in-
9	terest for the purpose of detecting or respond-
10	ing to security incidents; preventing fraud; con-
11	ducting scientific, historical, or statistical re-
12	search; or preserving the security and safety of
13	people or property.
14	(2) TRANSFERS TO FOREIGN ENTITIES.—Sub-
15	ject to paragraph (3), the prohibition under sub-
16	section $(a)(2)$ shall not apply if—
17	(A) the transfer is made only for limited
18	and specific purposes consistent with the con-
19	sent provided by the individual and with assur-
20	ances that the recipient will notify the entity
21	providing the data if such recipient makes a de-
22	termination that it can no longer use the data
23	consistent with such consent;
24	(B) the entity transferring the information
25	determines that the recipient of the information

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will provide the same level of privacy protection as is required by the entity transferring the information;

(C) the entity transferring the information takes reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure that the third party effectively processes the personal information transferred in a manner consistent with the third party's obligations under the second party's privacy principles; and

10 (D) the entity transferring the information 11 agrees take reasonable steps to stop and reme-12 diate unauthorized processing of information by 13 the entity to whom such information is trans-14 ferred.

(3) LIMITATION.—None of the exceptions under
paragraphs (1) and (2) shall supersede any contrary
rule promulgated by the Federal Trade Commission
that is in effect on the date of enactment of this
Act.

(c) TREATMENT OF CONSUMER HEALTH INFORMATION AS PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION.—If a covered entity or business associate, acting in its capacity as
a business associate, receives consumer health information
generated by a personal consumer device at any time for
any reason, such consumer health information is consid-

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ered protected health information and is subject to the
 same protections and restrictions under parts 162 and 164
 of title 45, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor
 regulations), as any other protected health information.

5 SEC. 4. ENFORCEMENT.

6 The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall 7 enforce the requirements of section 3 against an entity 8 that collects or receives consumer health information in 9 the same manner and to the same extent, as such sec-10 retary enforces the privacy regulations promulgated under 11 section 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Ac-12 countability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–191; 110 Stat. 13 2033) against a covered entity.