117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	S.	
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To require the Secretary of Energy to establish programs for carbon dioxide capture, transport, utilization, and storage, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Coons (for himself, Mr. Cassidy, Ms. Smith, Mr. Hoeven, Mr. Whitehouse, Mrs. Capito, Ms. Duckworth, Mr. Braun, Mr. Tester, Ms. Murkowski, and Mr. Manchin) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on ______

A BILL

- To require the Secretary of Energy to establish programs for carbon dioxide capture, transport, utilization, and storage, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
 - 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
 - 5 "Storing CO2 and Lowering Emissions Act" or the
 - 6 "SCALE Act".
 - 7 (b) Table of Contents for
 - 8 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Findings.

TITLE I—UTILIZATION OF CARBON OXIDES

Sec. 101. Carbon utilization program.

TITLE II—TRANSPORTATION OF CAPTURED CARBON

Sec. 201. Carbon capture technology program.

Sec. 202. Carbon dioxide transportation infrastructure finance and innovation.

TITLE III—GEOLOGIC STORAGE OF CAPTURED CARBON

Sec. 301. Carbon storage validation and testing.

Sec. 302. Secure geologic storage permitting.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

18

2	Congress finds that—
3	(1) the industrial sector is integral to the econ-
4	omy of the United States—
5	(A) providing millions of jobs and essential
6	products; and
7	(B) demonstrating global leadership in
8	manufacturing and innovation;
9	(2) carbon capture and storage technologies are
10	necessary for reducing hard-to-abate emissions from
11	the industrial sector, which emits nearly 25 percent
12	of carbon dioxide emissions in the United States;
13	(3) carbon removal and storage technologies, in-
14	cluding direct air capture, must be deployed at
15	large-scale in the coming decades to remove carbon
16	dioxide directly from the atmosphere;
17	(4) large-scale deployment of carbon capture,

removal, utilization, transport, and storage—

1	(A) is critical for achieving mid-century cli-
2	mate goals; and
3	(B) will drive regional economic develop-
4	ment, technological innovation, and high-wage
5	employment;
6	(5) carbon capture, removal, and utilization
7	technologies require a backbone system of shared
8	carbon dioxide transport and storage infrastructure
9	to enable large-scale deployment, realize economies
10	of scale, and create an interconnected carbon man-
11	agement market;
12	(6) carbon dioxide transport infrastructure and
13	permanent geological storage are proven and safe
14	technologies with existing Federal and State regu-
15	latory frameworks;
16	(7) carbon dioxide transport and storage infra-
17	structure share similar barriers to deployment pre-
18	viously faced by other types of critical national infra-
19	structure, such as high capital costs and chicken-
20	and-egg challenges, that require Federal and State
21	support, in combination with private investment, to
22	be overcome; and
23	(8) each State should take into consideration,
24	with respect to new carbon dioxide transportation in-
25	frastructure—

4

1	(A) qualifying the infrastructure as pollu-
2	tion control devices under applicable laws (in-
3	cluding regulations) of the State; and
4	(B) establishing a waiver of ad valorem
5	and property taxes for the infrastructure for a
6	period of not less than 10 years.
7	TITLE I—UTILIZATION OF
8	CARBON OXIDES
9	SEC. 101. CARBON UTILIZATION PROGRAM.
10	Section 969A of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
11	U.S.C. 16298a) is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (a)—
13	(A) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and
14	(4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively; and
15	(B) by inserting after paragraph (2) the
16	following:
17	"(3) to develop or obtain, in coordination with
18	other applicable Federal agencies and standard-set-
19	ting organizations, standards and certifications, as
20	appropriate, to facilitate the commercialization of
21	the products and technologies described in para-
22	graph (2);";
23	(2) in subsection (b)—
24	(A) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
25	paragraph (3);

1	(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
2	following:
3	"(2) Grant Program.—
4	"(A) In general.—Not later than 1 year
5	after the date of enactment of the Storing CO2
6	and Lowering Emissions Act, the Secretary
7	shall establish a program to provide grants to
8	eligible entities to use in accordance with sub-
9	paragraph (D).
10	"(B) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible
11	to receive a grant under this paragraph, an en-
12	tity shall be—
13	"(i) a State;
14	"(ii) a unit of local government; or
15	"(iii) a public utility or agency.
16	"(C) Applications.—Eligible entities de-
17	siring a grant under this paragraph shall sub-
18	mit to the Secretary an application at such
19	time, in such manner, and containing such in-
20	formation as the Secretary determines to be ap-
21	propriate.
22	"(D) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity
23	shall use a grant received under this paragraph
24	to procure and use commercial or industrial
25	products that—

1	"(i) use or are derived from anthropo-
2	genic carbon oxides; and
3	"(ii) demonstrate significant net re-
4	ductions in lifecycle greenhouse gas emis-
5	sions compared to incumbent technologies,
6	processes, and products."; and
7	(C) in paragraph (3) (as so redesignated),
8	by striking "paragraph (1)" and inserting "this
9	subsection"; and
10	(3) in subsection (d), by striking paragraphs
11	(1) through (5) and inserting the following:
12	"(1) \$64,000,000 for fiscal year 2021;
13	"(2) \$65,250,000 for fiscal year 2022;
14	"(3) \$66,562,500 for fiscal year 2023;
15	" (4) \$67,940,625 for fiscal year 2024; and
16	"(5) \$69,387,656 for fiscal year 2025.".
17	TITLE II—TRANSPORTATION OF
18	CAPTURED CARBON
19	SEC. 201. CARBON CAPTURE TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.
20	Section 962 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
21	U.S.C. 16292) is amended—
22	(1) in subsection $(b)(2)$ —
23	(A) in subparagraph (C), by striking
24	"and" at the end;

1	(B) in subparagraph (D), by striking "pro-
2	gram." and inserting "program for carbon cap-
3	ture technologies; and"; and
4	(C) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(E) a front-end engineering and design
6	program for carbon dioxide transport infra-
7	structure necessary to enable deployment of
8	carbon capture, utilization, and storage tech-
9	nologies."; and
10	(2) in subsection $(d)(1)$ —
11	(A) in subparagraph (C)(ii), by striking
12	"and" at the end;
13	(B) in subparagraph (D), by striking the
14	period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
15	(C) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(E) for activities under the front-end en-
17	gineering and design program described in sub-
18	section $(b)(2)(E)$, \$20,000,000 for each of fis-
19	cal years 2022 through 2025.".
20	SEC. 202. CARBON DIOXIDE TRANSPORTATION INFRA
21	STRUCTURE FINANCE AND INNOVATION.
22	(a) In General.—Title IX of the Energy Policy Act
23	of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16181 et seq.) is amended by adding
24	at the end the following:

1	"Subtitle J—Carbon Dioxide Trans-
2	portation Infrastructure Fi-
3	nance and Innovation
4	"SEC. 999A. DEFINITIONS.
5	"In this subtitle:
6	"(1) CIFIA PROGRAM.—The term 'CIFIA pro-
7	gram' means the carbon dioxide transportation in-
8	frastructure finance and innovation program estab-
9	lished under section 999B(a).
10	"(2) COMMON CARRIER.—The term 'common
11	carrier' means a transportation infrastructure oper-
12	ator or owner that—
13	"(A) publishes a publicly available tariff
14	containing the just and reasonable rates, terms,
15	and conditions of nondiscriminatory service;
16	and
17	"(B) holds itself out to provide transpor-
18	tation services to the public for a fee.
19	"(3) Contingent commitment.—The term
20	'contingent commitment' means a commitment to
21	obligate funds from future available budget author-
22	ity that is—
23	"(A) contingent on those funds being made
24	available in law at a future date; and

1	"(B) not an obligation of the Federal Gov-
2	ernment.
3	"(4) Eligible project costs.—The term 'eli-
4	gible project costs' means amounts substantially all
5	of which are paid by, or for the account of, an obli-
6	gor in connection with a project, including—
7	"(A) the cost of—
8	"(i) development-phase activities, in-
9	cluding planning, feasibility analysis, rev-
10	enue forecasting, environmental review,
11	permitting, preliminary engineering and
12	design work, and other preconstruction ac-
13	tivities;
14	"(ii) construction, reconstruction, re-
15	habilitation, replacement, and acquisition
16	of real property (including land relating to
17	the project and improvements to land), en-
18	vironmental mitigation, construction con-
19	tingencies, and acquisition and installation
20	of equipment (including labor); and
21	"(iii) capitalized interest necessary to
22	meet market requirements, reasonably re-
23	quired reserve funds, capital issuance ex-
24	penses, and other carrying costs during
25	construction; and

1	"(B) transaction costs associated with fi-
2	nancing the project, including—
3	"(i) the cost of legal counsel and tech-
4	nical consultants; and
5	"(ii) any subsidy amount paid in ac-
6	cordance with section 999B(c)(3)(B)(ii) or
7	section 999C(b)(6)(B)(ii).
8	"(5) FEDERAL CREDIT INSTRUMENT.—The
9	term 'Federal credit instrument' means a secured
10	loan or loan guarantee authorized to be provided
11	under the CIFIA program with respect to a project.
12	"(6) Lender.—The term 'lender' means any
13	non-Federal qualified institutional buyer (as defined
14	in section 230.144A(a) of title 17, Code of Federal
15	Regulations (or a successor regulation), commonly
16	known as Rule 144A(a) of the Securities and Ex-
17	change Commission and issued under the Securities
18	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.)), including—
19	"(A) a qualified retirement plan (as de-
20	fined in section 4974(c) of the Internal Revenue
21	Code of 1986) that is a qualified institutional
22	buyer; and
23	"(B) a governmental plan (as defined in
24	section 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of
25	1986) that is a qualified institutional buyer.

1	"(7) Letter of interest.—The term 'letter
2	of interest' means a letter submitted by a potential
3	applicant prior to an application for credit assistance
4	in a format prescribed by the Secretary on the
5	website of the CIFIA program that—
6	"(A) describes the project and the location,
7	purpose, and cost of the project;
8	"(B) outlines the proposed financial plan,
9	including the requested credit and grant assist-
10	ance and the proposed obligor;
11	"(C) provides a status of environmental re-
12	view; and
13	"(D) provides information regarding satis-
14	faction of other eligibility requirements of the
15	CIFIA program.
16	"(8) Loan guarantee.—The term 'loan guar-
17	antee' means any guarantee or other pledge by the
18	Secretary to pay all or part of the principal of, and
19	interest on, a loan or other debt obligation issued by
20	an obligor and funded by a lender.
21	"(9) Master Credit Agreement.—The term
22	'master credit agreement' means a conditional agree-
23	ment that—
24	"(A) is for the purpose of extending credit
25	assistance for—

1	"(i) a project of high priority under
2	section $999B(c)(3)(A)$; or
3	"(ii) a project covered under section
4	999B(c)(3)(B);
5	"(B) does not provide for a current obliga-
6	tion of Federal funds; and
7	"(C) would—
8	"(i) make a contingent commitment of
9	a Federal credit instrument or grant at a
10	future date, subject to—
11	"(I) the availability of future
12	funds being made available to carry
13	out the CIFIA program; and
14	"(II) the satisfaction of all condi-
15	tions for the provision of credit assist-
16	ance under the CIFIA program, in-
17	cluding section 999C(b);
18	"(ii) establish the maximum amounts
19	and general terms and conditions of the
20	Federal credit instruments or grants;
21	"(iii) identify the 1 or more revenue
22	sources that will secure the repayment of
23	the Federal credit instruments;
24	"(iv) provide for the obligation of
25	funds for the Federal credit instruments or

1	grants after all requirements have been
2	met for the projects subject to the agree-
3	ment, including—
4	"(I) compliance with all applica-
5	ble requirements specified under the
6	CIFIA program, including sections
7	999B(d) and $999C(b)(1)$; and
8	"(II) the availability of funds to
9	carry out the CIFIA program; and
10	"(v) require that contingent commit-
11	ments shall result in a financial close and
12	obligation of credit or grant assistance by
13	not later than 4 years after the date of
14	entry into the agreement or release of the
15	commitment, as applicable, unless other-
16	wise extended by the Secretary.
17	"(10) Obligor.—The term 'obligor' means a
18	corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, gov-
19	ernmental entity, agency, or instrumentality, or
20	other entity that is primarily liable for payment of
21	the principal of, or interest on, a Federal credit in-
22	strument.
23	"(11) Produced in the united states.—
24	The term 'produced in the United States', with re-
25	spect to iron and steel, means that all manufac-

1 turing processes for the iron and steel, including the 2 application of any coating, occurs within the United 3 States. 4 "(12) Project.—The term 'project' means a 5 project for common carrier carbon dioxide transpor-6 tation infrastructure or associated equipment, in-7 cluding pipeline, shipping, rail, or other transpor-8 tation infrastructure and associated equipment, that 9 will transport or handle carbon dioxide captured 10 from anthropogenic sources or ambient air, as the 11 Secretary determines to be appropriate. 12 "(13) Project OBLIGATION.—The term 13 'project obligation' means any note, bond, debenture, 14 or other debt obligation issued by an obligor in con-15 nection with the financing of a project, other than 16 a Federal credit instrument. 17 SECURED LOAN.—The term 'secured 18 loan' means a direct loan or other debt obligation 19 issued by an obligor and funded by the Secretary in 20 connection with the financing of a project under sec-21 tion 999C. 22 "(15) Subsidy Amount.—The term 'subsidy 23 amount' means the amount of budget authority suf-24 ficient to cover the estimated long-term cost to the

1	Federal Government of a Federal credit instru-
2	ment—
3	"(A) calculated on a net present value
4	basis; and
5	"(B) excluding administrative costs and
6	any incidental effects on governmental receipts
7	or outlays in accordance with the Federal Cred-
8	it Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661 et seq.).
9	"(16) Substantial completion.—The term
10	'substantial completion', with respect to a project,
11	means the date—
12	"(A) on which the project commences
13	transportation of carbon dioxide; or
14	"(B) of a comparable event to the event
15	described in subparagraph (A), as determined
16	by the Secretary and specified in the project
17	credit agreement.
18	"SEC. 999B. DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY AND
19	PROJECT SELECTION.
20	"(a) Establishment of Program.—The Secretary
21	shall establish and carry out a carbon dioxide transpor-
22	tation infrastructure finance and innovation program,
23	under which the Secretary shall provide for eligible
24	

1	"(1) a Federal credit instrument under section
2	999C;
3	"(2) a grant under section 999D; or
4	"(3) both a Federal credit instrument and a
5	grant.
6	"(b) Eligibility.—
7	"(1) In general.—A project shall be eligible
8	to receive a Federal credit instrument or a grant
9	under the CIFIA program if—
10	"(A) the entity proposing to carry out the
11	project submits a letter of interest prior to sub-
12	mission of an application under paragraph (3)
13	for the project; and
14	"(B) the project meets the criteria de-
15	scribed in this subsection.
16	"(2) Creditworthiness.—
17	"(A) In general.—Each project and obli-
18	gor that receives a Federal credit instrument or
19	a grant under the CIFIA program shall be
20	creditworthy, such that there exists a reason-
21	able prospect of repayment of the principal and
22	interest on the Federal credit instrument, as
23	determined by the Secretary under subpara-
24	graph (B).

1	"(B) Reasonable prospect of repay-
2	MENT.—The Secretary shall base a determina-
3	tion of whether there is a reasonable prospect
4	of repayment under subparagraph (A) on a
5	comprehensive evaluation of whether the obligor
6	has a reasonable prospect of repaying the Fed-
7	eral credit instrument for the eligible project,
8	including evaluation of—
9	"(i) the strength of the contractual
10	terms of an eligible project (if available for
11	the applicable market segment);
12	"(ii) the forecast of noncontractual
13	cash flows supported by market projections
14	from reputable sources, as determined by
15	the Secretary, and cash sweeps or other
16	structural enhancements;
17	"(iii) the projected financial strength
18	of the obligor—
19	"(I) at the time of loan close;
20	and
21	"(II) throughout the loan term,
22	including after the project is com-
23	pleted;

1	"(iv) the financial strength of the in-
2	vestors and strategic partners of the obli-
3	gor, if applicable; and
4	"(v) other financial metrics and anal-
5	yses that are relied on by the private lend-
6	ing community and nationally recognized
7	credit rating agencies, as determined ap-
8	propriate by the Secretary.
9	"(3) Applications.—To be eligible for assist-
10	ance under the CIFIA program, an obligor shall
11	submit to the Secretary a project application at such
12	time, in such manner, and containing such informa-
13	tion as the Secretary determines to be appropriate
14	"(4) Eligible project costs.—A project
15	under the CIFIA program shall have eligible project
16	costs that are reasonably anticipated to equal or ex-
17	ceed \$100,000,000.
18	"(5) Revenue sources.—The applicable Fed-
19	eral credit instrument shall be repayable, in whole or
20	in part, from—
21	"(A) user fees;
22	"(B) payments owing to the obligor under
23	a public-private partnership; or
24	"(C) other revenue sources that also secure
25	or fund the project obligations.

1	"(6) Obligor will be identified later.—
2	A State, local government, agency, or instrumen-
3	tality of a State or local government, or a public au-
4	thority, may submit to the Secretary an application
5	under paragraph (3), under which a private party to
6	a public-private partnership will be—
7	"(A) the obligor; and
8	"(B) identified at a later date through
9	completion of a procurement and selection of
10	the private party.
11	"(7) Beneficial effects.—The Secretary
12	shall determine that financial assistance for each
13	project under the CIFIA program will—
14	"(A) attract public or private investment
15	for the project;
16	"(B) enable the project to proceed at an
17	earlier date than the project would otherwise be
18	able to proceed or reduce the lifecycle costs (in-
19	cluding debt service costs) of the project; or
20	"(C) enable the transportation of carbon
21	dioxide captured from anthropogenic sources or
22	ambient air.
23	"(8) Project readiness.—To be eligible for
24	assistance under the CIFIA program, the applicant
25	shall demonstrate a reasonable expectation that the

1	contracting process for construction of the project
2	can commence by not later than 90 days after the
3	date on which a Federal credit instrument or grant
4	is obligated for the project under the CIFIA pro-
5	gram.
6	"(c) Selection Among Eligible Projects.—
7	"(1) Establishment of application proc-
8	ESS.—The Secretary shall establish an application
9	process under which projects that are eligible to re-
10	ceive assistance under subsection (b) may—
11	"(A) receive credit assistance on terms ac-
12	ceptable to the Secretary, if adequate funds are
13	available (including any funds provided on be-
14	half of an eligible project under paragraph
15	(3)(B)(ii)) to cover the subsidy amount associ-
16	ated with the Federal credit instrument; and
17	"(B) receive grants under section 999D
18	if—
19	"(i) adequate funds are available to
20	cover the amount of the grant; and
21	"(ii) the Secretary determines that
22	the project is eligible under subsection (b)
23	of that section.

1	(2) PRIORITY.—In selecting projects to receive
2	credit assistance under subsection (b), the Secretary
3	shall give priority to projects that—
4	"(A) are large-capacity, common carrier
5	infrastructure;
6	"(B) have demonstrated demand for use of
7	the infrastructure by associated projects that
8	capture carbon dioxide from anthropogenic
9	sources or ambient air;
10	"(C) enable geographical diversity in asso-
11	ciated projects that capture carbon dioxide from
12	anthropogenic sources or ambient air, with the
13	goal of enabling projects in all major carbon di-
14	oxide-emitting regions of the United States; and
15	"(D) are sited within, or adjacent to, exist-
16	ing pipeline or other linear infrastructure cor-
17	ridors, in a manner that minimizes environ-
18	mental disturbance and other siting concerns.
19	"(3) Master credit agreements.—
20	"(A) Priority Projects.—The Secretary
21	may enter into a master credit agreement for a
22	project that the Secretary determines—
23	"(i) will likely be eligible for credit as-
24	sistance under subsection (b), on obtain-
25	ing—

1	"(I) additional commitments
2	from associated carbon capture
3	projects to use the project; or
4	"(II) all necessary permits and
5	approvals; and
6	"(ii) is a project of high priority, as
7	determined in accordance with the criteria
8	described in paragraph (2).
9	"(B) ADEQUATE FUNDING NOT AVAIL-
10	ABLE.—If the Secretary fully obligates funding
11	to eligible projects for a fiscal year and ade-
12	quate funding is not available to fund a Federal
13	credit instrument, a project sponsor (including
14	a unit of State or local government) of an eligi-
15	ble project may elect—
16	"(i)(I) to enter into a master credit
17	agreement in lieu of the Federal credit in-
18	strument; and
19	"(II) to wait to execute a Federal
20	credit instrument until the fiscal year for
21	which additional funds are available to re-
22	ceive credit assistance; or
23	"(ii) if the lack of adequate funding is
24	solely with respect to amounts available for
25	the subsidy amount, to pay the subsidy

1	amount to fund the Federal credit instru-
2	ment.
3	"(d) Federal Requirements.—
4	"(1) In general.—Nothing in this subtitle su-
5	persedes the applicability of any other requirement
6	under Federal law (including regulations).
7	"(2) NEPA.—Federal credit assistance may
8	only be provided under this subtitle for a project
9	that has received an environmental categorical exclu-
10	sion, a finding of no significant impact, or a record
11	of decision under the National Environmental Policy
12	Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
13	"(e) Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manu-
14	FACTURED GOODS.—
15	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
16	graph (2), no Federal credit instrument or grant
17	provided under the CIFIA program shall be made
18	available for a project unless all iron, steel, and
19	manufactured goods used in the project are pro-
20	duced in the United States.
21	"(2) Exceptions.—Paragraph (1) shall not
22	apply in any case or category of cases with respect
23	to which the Secretary determines that—
24	"(A) the application would be inconsistent
25	with the public interest;

1	"(B) iron, steel, or a relevant manufac-
2	tured good is not produced in the United States
3	in sufficient and reasonably available quantity,
4	or of a satisfactory quality; or
5	"(C) the inclusion of iron, steel, or a man-
6	ufactured good produced in the United States
7	will increase the cost of the overall project by
8	more than 25 percent.
9	"(3) Waivers.—If the Secretary receives a re-
10	quest for a waiver under this subsection, the Sec-
11	retary shall—
12	"(A) make available to the public a copy of
13	the request, together with any information
14	available to the Secretary concerning the re-
15	quest—
16	"(i) on an informal basis; and
17	"(ii) by electronic means, including on
18	the official public website of the Depart-
19	ment;
20	"(B) allow for informal public comment re-
21	lating to the request for not fewer than 15 days
22	before making a determination with respect to
23	the request; and

"(C) approve or disapprove the request by
not later than the date that is 120 days after
the date of receipt of the request.
"(4) Applicability.—This subsection shall be
applied in accordance with any applicable obligations
of the United States under international agreements.
"(f) Prevailing Rate of Wage.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure
that each laborer and mechanic employed by a con-
tractor or subcontractor for a project financed, in
whole or in part, by a Federal credit instrument or
grant provided under the CIFIA program shall be
paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on
the same type of work on similar construction
projects in the applicable locality, as determined by
the Secretary of Labor under subchapter IV of chap-
ter 31 of part A of subtitle II of title 40, United
States Code (commonly referred to as the 'Davis-
Bacon Act').
"(2) Authority of Secretary of Labor.—
With respect to the labor standards described in
paragraph (1), the Secretary of Labor shall have the
authority and functions described in Reorganization

1	U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United
2	States Code.
3	"(g) Application Processing Procedures.—
4	"(1) Notice of complete application.—
5	Not later than 30 days after the date of receipt of
6	an application under this section, the Secretary shall
7	provide to the applicant a written notice describing
8	whether—
9	"(A) the application is complete; or
10	"(B) additional information or materials
11	are needed to complete the application.
12	"(2) Approval or denial of application.—
13	Not later than 60 days after the date of issuance of
14	a written notice under paragraph (1), the Secretary
15	shall provide to the applicant a written notice in-
16	forming the applicant whether the Secretary has ap-
17	proved or disapproved the application.
18	"(h) DEVELOPMENT-PHASE ACTIVITIES.—Any Fed-
19	eral credit instrument provided under the CIFIA program
20	may be used to finance up to 100 percent of the cost of
21	development-phase activities, as described in section
22	999A(4)(A).
23	"SEC. 999C. SECURED LOANS.
24	"(a) AGREEMENTS.—

1	"(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
2	the Secretary may enter into agreements with 1 or
3	more obligors to make secured loans, the proceeds of
4	which shall be used—
5	"(A) to finance eligible project costs of any
6	project selected under section 999B;
7	"(B) to refinance interim construction fi-
8	nancing of eligible project costs of any project
9	selected under section 999B; or
10	"(C) to refinance long-term project obliga-
11	tions or Federal credit instruments, if the refi-
12	nancing provides additional funding capacity for
13	the completion, enhancement, or expansion of
14	any project that—
15	"(i) is selected under section 999B; or
16	"(ii) otherwise meets the requirements
17	of that section.
18	"(2) RISK ASSESSMENT.—Before entering into
19	an agreement under this subsection, the Secretary,
20	in consultation with the Director of the Office of
21	Management and Budget, shall determine an appro-
22	priate credit subsidy amount for each secured loan,
23	taking into account all relevant factors, including the
24	creditworthiness factors under section 999B(b)(2).
25	"(b) Terms and Limitations.—

1	"(1) In general.—A secured loan under this
2	section with respect to a project shall be on such
3	terms and conditions and contain such covenants,
4	representations, warranties, and requirements (in-
5	cluding requirements for audits) as the Secretary de-
6	termines to be appropriate.
7	"(2) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The amount of a se-
8	cured loan under this section shall not exceed an
9	amount equal to 80 percent of the reasonably antici-
10	pated eligible project costs.
11	"(3) Payment.—A secured loan under this sec-
12	tion shall be payable, in whole or in part, from—
13	"(A) user fees;
14	"(B) payments owing to the obligor under
15	a public-private partnership; or
16	"(C) other revenue sources that also secure
17	or fund the project obligations.
18	"(4) Interest rate.—
19	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
20	subparagraph (B), the interest rate on a se-
21	cured loan under this section shall be not less
22	than the yield on United States Treasury secu-
23	rities of a similar maturity to the maturity of
24	the secured loan on the date of execution of the
25	loan agreement.

1	"(B) Limited Buydowns.—
2	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
3	(ii), the Secretary may lower the interest
4	rate of a secured loan under this section if
5	the interest rate has increased between the
6	period—
7	"(I) beginning on, as applica-
8	ble—
9	"(aa) the date on which an
10	application acceptable to the Sec-
11	retary is submitted for the appli-
12	cable project; or
13	"(bb) the date on which the
14	Secretary entered into a master
15	credit agreement for the applica-
16	ble project; and
17	"(II) ending on the date on
18	which the Secretary executes the Fed-
19	eral credit instrument for the applica-
20	ble project.
21	"(ii) Limitation.—The interest rate
22	of a secured loan may not be lowered pur-
23	suant to clause (i) by more than the lower
24	of—

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1	"(I) $1\frac{1}{2}$ percentage points (150)
2	basis points); and
3	"(II) an amount equal to the
4	amount of the increase in the interest
5	rate described in that clause.
6	"(5) Maturity date.—The final maturity
7	date of the secured loan shall be the earlier of—
8	"(A) the date that is 35 years after the
9	date of substantial completion of the project;
10	and
11	"(B) if the useful life of the capital asset
12	being financed is of a lesser period, the date
13	that is the end of the useful life of the asset.
14	"(6) Nonsubordination.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
16	subparagraph (B), the secured loan shall not be
17	subordinated to the claims of any holder of
18	project obligations in the event of bankruptcy,
19	insolvency, or liquidation of the obligor.
20	"(B) Preexisting indenture.—
21	"(i) In General.—The Secretary
22	shall waive the requirement under subpara-
23	graph (A) for a public agency borrower
24	that is financing ongoing capital programs

1	and has outstanding senior bonds under a
2	preexisting indenture, if—
3	"(I) the secured loan is rated in
4	the A category or higher; and
5	"(II) the secured loan is secured
6	and payable from pledged revenues
7	not affected by project performance,
8	such as a tax-backed revenue pledge
9	or a system-backed pledge of project
10	revenues.
11	"(ii) Limitation.—If the Secretary
12	waives the nonsubordination requirement
13	under this subparagraph—
14	"(I) the maximum credit subsidy
15	amount to be paid by the Federal
16	Government shall be not more than
17	10 percent of the principal amount of
18	the secured loan; and
19	"(II) the obligor shall be respon-
20	sible for paying the remainder of the
21	subsidy amount, if any.
22	"(7) FEES.—The Secretary may collect a fee on
23	or after the date of the financial close of a Federal
24	credit instrument under this section in an amount
25	equal to not more than \$1,000,000 to cover all or

1	a portion of the costs to the Federal Government of
2	providing the Federal credit instrument.
3	"(8) Maximum federal involvement.—The
4	total Federal assistance provided for a project under
5	the CIFIA program, including any grant provided
6	under section 999D, shall not exceed an amount
7	equal to 80 percent of the eligible project costs.
8	"(c) Repayment.—
9	"(1) Schedule.—The Secretary shall establish
10	a repayment schedule for each secured loan under
11	this section based on—
12	"(A) the projected cash flow from project
13	revenues and other repayment sources; and
14	"(B) the useful life of the project.
15	"(2) COMMENCEMENT.—Scheduled loan repay-
16	ments of principal or interest on a secured loan
17	under this section shall commence not later than 5
18	years after the date of substantial completion of the
19	project.
20	"(3) Deferred payments.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If, at any time after
22	the date of substantial completion of a project,
23	the project is unable to generate sufficient reve-
24	nues in excess of reasonable and necessary op-
25	erating expenses to pay the scheduled loan re-

1	payments of principal and interest on the se-
2	cured loan, the Secretary may, subject to sub-
3	paragraph (C), allow the obligor to add unpaid
4	principal and interest to the outstanding bal-
5	ance of the secured loan.
6	"(B) Interest.—Any payment deferred
7	under subparagraph (A) shall—
8	"(i) continue to accrue interest in ac-
9	cordance with subsection (b)(4) until fully
10	repaid; and
11	"(ii) be scheduled to be amortized
12	over the remaining term of the loan.
13	"(C) Criteria.—
14	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Any payment de-
15	ferral under subparagraph (A) shall be
16	contingent on the project meeting criteria
17	established by the Secretary.
18	"(ii) Repayment standards.—The
19	criteria established pursuant to clause (i)
20	shall include standards for the reasonable
21	prospect of repayment.
22	"(4) Prepayment.—
23	"(A) USE OF EXCESS REVENUES.—Any
24	excess revenues that remain after satisfying
25	scheduled debt service requirements on the

1 project obligations and secured loan and all de-2 posit requirements under the terms of any trust 3 agreement, bond resolution, or similar agree-4 ment securing project obligations may be ap-5 plied annually to prepay the secured loan, with-6 out penalty. 7 "(B) USE OF **PROCEEDS** OF REFI-8 NANCING.—A secured loan may be prepaid at 9 any time without penalty from the proceeds of 10 refinancing from non-Federal funding sources. 11 "(d) SALE OF SECURED LOANS.— 12 "(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), 13 as soon as practicable after substantial completion of 14 a project and after notifying the obligor, the Sec-15 retary may sell to another entity or reoffer into the 16 capital markets a secured loan for the project if the 17 Secretary determines that the sale or reoffering can 18 be made on favorable terms. 19 "(2) Consent of obligor.—In making a sale 20 or reoffering under paragraph (1), the Secretary 21 may not change any original term or condition of the 22 secured loan without the written consent of the obli-23 gor. "(e) Loan Guarantees.— 24

1 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may provide 2 a loan guarantee to a lender in lieu of making a se-3 cured loan under this section if the Secretary deter-4 mines that the budgetary cost of the loan guarantee 5 is substantially the same as, or less than, that of a 6 secured loan. 7 "(2) TERMS.—The terms of a loan guarantee 8 under paragraph (1) shall be consistent with the 9 terms required under this section for a secured loan, 10 except that the rate on the guaranteed loan and any 11 prepayment features shall be negotiated between the 12 obligor and the lender, with the consent of the Sec-13 retary. 14 "SEC. 999D. FUTURE GROWTH GRANTS. 15 "(a) Establishment.—The Secretary may provide grants to pay a portion of the cost differential, with re-16 spect to any projected future increase in demand for car-17 18 bon dioxide transportation by an infrastructure project de-19 scribed in subsection (b), between— 20 "(1) the cost of constructing the infrastructure 21 asset with the capacity to transport an increased 22 flow rate of carbon dioxide, as made practicable 23 under the project; and 24 "(2) the cost of constructing the infrastructure 25 asset with the capacity to transport carbon dioxide

- 1 at the flow rate initially required, based on commit-2 ments for the use of the asset. 3 "(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, an entity shall— 5 "(1) be eligible to receive credit assistance 6 under the CIFIA program; 7 "(2) carry out, or propose to carry out, a 8 project for large-capacity, common carrier infra-9 structure with a probable future increase in demand 10 for carbon dioxide transportation; and 11 "(3) submit to the Secretary an application at 12 such time, in such manner, and containing such in-13 formation as the Secretary determines to be appro-14 priate. 15 "(c) Use of Funds.—A grant provided under this section may be used only to pay the costs of any additional 16 flow rate capacity of a carbon dioxide transportation infra-17 18 structure asset that the project sponsor demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary can reasonably be ex-19
- 21 the date of substantial completion of the project described 22 in subsection (b)(2).

pected to be used during the 20-year period beginning on

- 23 "(d) Maximum Amount.—The amount of a grant
- provided under this section may not exceed an amount

1 equal to 80 percent of the cost of the additional capacity

- 2 described in subsection (a).
- 3 "SEC. 999E. PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION.
- 4 "(a) Requirement.—The Secretary shall establish
- 5 a uniform system to service the Federal credit instruments
- 6 provided under the CIFIA program.
- 7 "(b) Fees.—The Secretary may collect fees on or
- 8 after the date of the financial close of a Federal credit
- 9 instrument provided under the CIFIA program, contin-
- 10 gent on authority being provided in appropriations Acts,
- 11 at a level that is sufficient to cover—
- "(1) the costs of services of expert firms re-
- tained pursuant to subsection (d); and
- 14 "(2) all or a portion of the costs to the Federal
- 15 Government of servicing the Federal credit instru-
- ments.
- 17 "(c) Servicer.—
- 18 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may appoint
- a financial entity to assist the Secretary in servicing
- the Federal credit instruments.
- 21 "(2) Duties.—A servicer appointed under
- paragraph (1) shall act as the agent for the Sec-
- retary.

1	"(3) Fee.—A servicer appointed under para-
2	graph (1) shall receive a servicing fee, subject to ap-
3	proval by the Secretary.
4	"(d) Assistance From Expert Firms.—The Sec-
5	retary may retain the services of expert firms, including
6	counsel, in the field of municipal and project finance to
7	assist in the underwriting and servicing of Federal credit
8	instruments.
9	"(e) Expedited Processing.—The Secretary shall
10	implement procedures and measures to economize the time
11	and cost involved in obtaining approval and the issuance
12	of credit assistance under the CIFIA program.
13	"SEC. 999F. STATE AND LOCAL PERMITS.
14	"The provision of credit assistance under the CIFIA
15	program with respect to a project shall not—
16	"(1) relieve any recipient of the assistance of
17	any project obligation to obtain any required State
18	or local permit or approval with respect to the
19	project;
20	"(2) limit the right of any unit of State or local
21	government to approve or regulate any rate of re-
22	turn on private equity invested in the project; or
23	"(3) otherwise supersede any State or local law
24	(including any regulation) applicable to the construc-
25	tion or operation of the project.

- 1 "SEC. 999G. REGULATIONS. 2 "The Secretary may promulgate such regulations as 3 the Secretary determines to be appropriate to carry out the CIFIA program. 4 5 "SEC. 999H. FUNDING. 6 "(a) Funding.— 7 "(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be 8 appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this sub-9 title, to remain available until expended— 10 "(A) \$600,000,000 for each of fiscal years 11 2022 and 2023; and 12 "(B) \$300,000,000 for each of fiscal years 13 2024 through 2026. "(2) Spending and Borrowing author-14 15 ITY.—Spending and borrowing authority for a fiscal 16 year to enter into Federal credit instruments shall 17 be promptly apportioned to the Secretary on a fiscal-18 year basis. 19 "(3) Reestimates.—If the subsidy amount of 20 a Federal credit instrument is reestimated, the cost 21 increase or decrease of the reestimate shall be borne 22 by, or benefit, the general fund of the Treasury, consistent with section 504(f) of the Congressional 23 24 Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661c(f)). 25
 - "(4) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—Of the amounts made available to carry out the CIFIA program, the

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1 Secretary may use not more than \$9,000,000 (as in-2 dexed for United States dollar inflation from the 3 date of enactment of the Storing CO2 and Lowering 4 Emissions Act (as measured by the Consumer Price 5 Index)) each fiscal year for the administration of the 6 CIFIA program. 7 "(b) Contract Authority.— 8 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other 9 provision of law, execution of a term sheet by the 10 Secretary of a Federal credit instrument that uses 11 amounts made available under the CIFIA program 12 shall impose on the United States a contractual obli-13 gation to fund the Federal credit investment. 14 "(2) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts made available 15 to carry out the CIFIA program for a fiscal year 16 shall be available for obligation on October 1 of the 17 fiscal year.". 18 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of con-19 tents for the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law 109– 20 58; 119 Stat. 600) is amended— 21 (1) in the item relating to section 917, by strik-22 ing "Efficiency"; 23 (2) by striking the items relating to subtitle J 24 of title IX (relating to ultra-deepwater and uncon-

ventional natural gas and other petroleum resources)
and inserting the following:
"Subtitle J—Carbon Dioxide Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation
"Sec. 999A. Definitions. "Sec. 999B. Determination of eligibility and project selection. "Sec. 999C. Secured loans. "Sec. 999D. Future growth grants. "Sec. 999E. Program administration. "Sec. 999F. State and local permits. "Sec. 999G. Regulations. "Sec. 999H. Funding."; and
(3) by striking the item relating to section
969B and inserting the following:
"Sec. 969B. High efficiency turbines.".
TITLE III—GEOLOGIC STORAGE
OF CAPTURED CARBON
SEC. 301. CARBON STORAGE VALIDATION AND TESTING.
Section 963 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
U.S.C. 16293) is amended—
(1) in subsection (a)(1)(B), by striking "over a
10-year period";
(2) in subsection (b)—
(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "and
demonstration" and inserting "demonstration,
and commercialization"; and
(B) in paragraph (2)—
(i) in subparagraph (G), by striking

1	(ii) in subparagraph (H), by striking
2	the period at the end and inserting ";
3	and"; and
4	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"(I) evaluating the quantity, lo-
7	cation, and timing of geologic carbon
8	storage deployment that may be need-
9	ed, and developing strategies and re-
10	sources to enable the deployment.";
11	(3) by redesignating subsections (e) through (g)
12	as subsections (f) through (h), respectively;
13	(4) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(e) Large-scale Carbon Storage Commer-
16	CIALIZATION PROGRAM.—
17	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall estab-
18	lish a commercialization program under which the
19	Secretary shall provide funding for the development
20	of new or expanded commercial large-scale carbon
21	sequestration projects and associated carbon dioxide
22	transport infrastructure, including funding for the
23	feasibility, site characterization, permitting, and con-
24	struction stages of project development.
25	"(2) Applications; selection.—

1	"(A) In general.—To be eligible to enter
2	into an agreement with the Secretary for fund-
3	ing under paragraph (1), an entity shall submit
4	to the Secretary an application at such time, in
5	such manner, and containing such information
6	as the Secretary determines to be appropriate
7	"(B) APPLICATION PROCESS.—The Sec-
8	retary shall establish an application process
9	that, to the maximum extent practicable—
10	"(i) is open to projects at any stage of
11	development described in paragraph (1);
12	and
13	"(ii) facilitates expeditious develop-
14	ment of projects described in that para-
15	graph.
16	"(C) Project selection.—In selecting
17	projects for funding under paragraph (1), the
18	Secretary shall give priority to—
19	"(i) projects with substantial carbon
20	dioxide storage capacity; or
21	"(ii) projects that will store carbon di-
22	oxide from multiple carbon capture facili-
23	ties.";
24	(5) in subsection (f) (as so redesignated), in
25	paragraph (1), by inserting "with respect to the re-

1	search, development, demonstration program compo-
2	nents described in subsections (b) through (d)" be-
3	fore "give preference"; and
4	(6) in subsection (h) (as so redesignated)—
5	(A) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-
6	riod at the end and inserting "; and;
7	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (1)
8	through (5) as subparagraphs (A) through (E),
9	respectively, and indenting appropriately;
10	(C) by inserting before subparagraph (A)
11	(as so redesignated) the following:
12	"(1) for activities under the research, develop-
13	ment, demonstration program components described
14	in subsections (b) through (d)—"; and
15	(D) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(2) for activities under the commercialization
17	program component described in subsection (e), to
18	remain available until expended, \$500,000,000 for
19	each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".
20	SEC. 302. SECURE GEOLOGIC STORAGE PERMITTING.
21	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
22	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
23	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
24	mental Protection Agency.

1	(2) Class VI well.—The term "Class VI well"
2	means a well described in section 144.6(f) of title
3	40, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regu-
4	lations).
5	(b) Geologic Sequestration Permitting.—For
6	the permitting of Class VI wells by the Administrator for
7	the injection of carbon dioxide for the purpose of geologic
8	sequestration in accordance with the requirements of the
9	Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.) and
10	the final rule of the Administrator entitled "Federal Re-
11	quirements Under the Underground Injection Control
12	(UIC) Program for Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) Geologic Se-
13	questration (GS) Wells" (75 Fed. Reg. 77230 (December
14	10, 2010)), there is authorized to be appropriated for each
15	of fiscal years 2022 through 2026, \$5,000,000.
16	(c) State Permitting Program Grants.—
17	(1) Establishment.—The Administrator shall
18	award grants to States that, pursuant to section
19	1422 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.
20	300h-1), receive the approval of the Administrator
21	for a State underground injection control program
22	for permitting Class VI wells for the injection of car-
23	bon dioxide.
24	(2) Use of funds.—A State that receives a
25	grant under paragraph (1) shall use the amounts re-

ceived under the grant to defray the expenses of the

State related to the establishment and operation of

a State underground injection control program de
scribed in paragraph (1).

(3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out

this subsection, for the period of fiscal years 2022

through 2026, \$50,000,000.

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